Cross border external QA:

Reflections on the meeting

David Crosier

Eurydice

What is the vision?

- Building the EHEA
- Market.. (but what kind of market?)



Positive view of EQA

- Disturb "monopoly" of national agencies;
- respect & respond to institutional autonomy;
- enable relevant, good practice international QA to thrive and develop;
- promote intercultural values
- Focus on enhancement.....

Negative view

- Lose public responsibility;
- lack necessary local specific knowledge and understanding;
- Import inappropriate, judgemental external expertise
- waste money;
- lose trust;

Where do we stand now?

- Survey shows that things are moving and agencies are active: networks, projects, evaluations in neighbouring countries; TNE etc
- 2012 Bologna implementation report: 11
 EHEA countries where HEIs can choose to be evaluated by non national agency. Number seems set to rise for 2015 report

But...

- Overviews sometimes misrepresent aspects of reality;
- 50% of agencies didn't respond...
- Examples here show that developments have been between countries with cultural / linguistic affinity and mainly confined to EU: FR / BE(Fr); CH/DE/AU; UK TNE
- Is this really what we understand by a European quality assurance space, taking advantage of diversity?

Motivation for EQA?

- Agencies: impetus to develop; to learn and improve their practice; to be among the pioneers; to avoid getting bored (doing the same things in the same way)...
- Institutions: competitive advantage; international reputation; prestige.
- Is there a danger that quality enhancement becomes confused with self promotion?

Attitudes: government

- Ok for our agencies to work abroad, but not quite sure about other agencies working here..
- What is behind this?
- Public responsibility & concern that social dimension will be overlooked
- Arrogance: "we are the best" and nothing to be learned from EQA?
- Fear of being found out that we might not be the best?

Attitudes: agencies

- Divides into those who are doing it & those who would like to do it..
- Are we sure?
- Maybe also those who would not like to do it, and those who would rather others didn't do it either
- Agencies who respond to survey may have very different attitudes to those who don't – and we need to engage with those who don't respond as well...

Attitudes: HEIs

- We don't really know, (yet) and need to find out
- Experience of programmes such as IEP show that HEIs are positive and engaged when they see interest...
- Also likely to have concerns about cost, logistics, legal implications etc

How to do EQA?

- Should agencies change behaviour abroad?
- Different views: Keep the same standards, procedures and approaches vs
- Adapt to demands/requirements of HEIs
- Issues with language/logistics/intercultural attitudes/knowledge of other systems need thought
- ESG crucial...

Some concerns

- 1 Conflation of cross border QA with recognition and mobility:
- "Cooperation involving French agency means that French state can now accept Belgian engineers"
- Joint programmes/degrees: recognition problems if QA issues not solved (and they haven't been)
- Paradox: cooperation may create a danger of being less open to those with whom we don't cooperate.

Concerns

- 2 "It's more important for small countries"
- small countries need to be international in their approach to QA
- But so do bigger countries...
- Danger of thinking that bigger means better, and that big countries dominate the EQA "market"
- So how can we create a level playing field?

Concerns

3 becomes a trendy "add on" that gets in the way of addressing quality issues...

 Ljubljana: do you need foreign agency programme/faculty/system evaluation to prepare for national accreditation?

Key challenge

 How to move on from "if it's important (legal implications) must be a national agency responsibility"?

 Good to hear of examples (BE/FR) where programmes *failed* accreditation... EQA shouldn't be perceived as an easy option

So should we carry on?

- Is there an alternative? Is the world going to become less international?
- EQA not everything: internationalisation at home
- Government commitments have been made, and we should embrace opportunity
- However, can address this agenda thoughtfully and cooperatively, or less intelligently focusing on self interest

What might help?

1 Need to share experience, learn from mistakes

=> Think how best to do this (govts/agencies/HEIs)

What might help?

2 Market model needs to be considered. Selection by HEIs from EQAR list may not be the best way...

 Guidance and advice to match HEIs with agencies. Brokering role for E4?

What might help?

Resource allocation.. May need European funding to support some agencies to internationalise

4 Sharing of experts: common database (project for ENQA/EQAR?)

